WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

2019 REGULAR SESSION

Introduced

House Bill 2689

FISCAL NOTE

BY DELEGATE RODIGHIERO

[Introduced January 28, 2019; Referred

to the Committee on the Judiciary.]

2	by adding thereto a new section, designated §61-2-31; and to amend and reenact §61-3-
3	12 of said code, all relating to replacing the present crime of burglary with the crime of
4	home invasion; providing criminal offenses of home invasion in the first, second, third and
5	fourth degrees; and prescribing penalties.
	Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
	ARTICLE 2. CRIMES AGAINST THE PERSON.
	§61-2-31. Home invasion; degrees; penalties; definitions.
1	(a) As used in this section the following terms are defined as:
2	(1) "Enters or remains unlawfully" means when a person who enters or remains upon the
3	premises when the premises, at the time of the entry or remaining, is not open to the public and
4	when the individual is not otherwise licensed or privileged or does not have permission to enter
5	or remain on the premises.
6	(2) "Dangerous instrument" means any instrument, article, or substance which, under the
7	circumstances in which it is used or attempted to threatened to be used, is capable of causing
8	death or serious physical injury, including a vehicle and a dog that has been commanded to attack.
9	(3) "Deadly weapon" has the same meaning as provided in §61-7-2 of this code.
10	(4) "Dwelling" includes, but is not limited to, a mobile home, house trailer, modular home,
11	factory-built home or self-propelled motor home, used as a dwelling regularly or only from time to
12	time, an occupied outhouse adjoining the dwelling, or any other nonmotive vehicle primarily
13	designed for human habitation and occupancy, and used as a dwelling regularly or only from time
14	to time.
15	(b) (1) Home invasion in the first degree It is unlawful for an individual to enter or remain
16	unlawfully in a dwelling, or an outhouse adjoining or occupied, of another, with the intent to commit
17	a crime therein and who is either:

A BILL to repeal §61-3-11 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended; to amend said code

18 (A) Armed with explosives, a deadly weapon or a dangerous instrument; or

19	(B) In the course of committing the offense, intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly uses
20	explosives, a deadly weapon or a dangerous instrument that causes physical injury, serious
21	physical injury or death to a person lawfully present in the dwelling.
22	(2) Anyone found to have violated subdivision (1) of this subsection is guilty of a felony
23	and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than \$20,000 and imprisoned for 25 years to life
24	without mercy.
25	(3) Despite any other provision of this code to the contrary, an individual sentenced
26	pursuant to this subsection is not eligible for any reduction in the individual's term of sentence,
27	nor is the individual eligible for any type of alternative sentencing.
28	(c) (1) Home invasion in the second degree It is unlawful for a person to enter or remain
29	unlawfully in a dwelling with the intent to commit a crime, and to use, or threaten to use, physical
30	force against a person lawfully present in the dwelling.
31	(2) Anyone found to have violated subdivision (1) of this subsection is guilty of a felony
32	and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than \$15,000 and imprisoned for a term of 20 years.
33	(3) Despite any other provision of this code to the contrary, an individual sentenced
34	pursuant to this subsection is not eligible for any reduction in the individual's term of sentence
35	and is not eligible for any type of alternative sentencing.
36	(d) (1) Home invasion in the third degree It is unlawful for a person to enter or remain
37	unlawfully in a dwelling with the intent to commit a crime when another person is lawfully present
38	in the building.
39	(2) Anyone found to have violated subdivision (1) of this subsection is guilty of a felony
40	and, upon conviction, shall be imprisoned for 10 years.
41	(3) Despite any other provision of this code to the contrary, an individual sentenced
42	pursuant to this subsection is not eligible for any reduction in the individual's term of sentence and
43	is not eligible for any type of alternative sentencing.
44	(e) (1) Home invasion in the fourth degree It is unlawful for a person to enter or remain

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- 45 <u>unlawfully in a dwelling with the intent to commit a crime in it.</u>
- 46 (2) Anyone found to have violated subdivision (1) of this subsection is guilty of a felony

47 and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than \$5,000, imprisoned for up to five years, or both

48 <u>fined and imprisoned.</u>

ARTICLE 3. CRIMES AGAINST PROPERTY.

§61-3-11. Burglary; entry of dwelling or outhouse; penalties.

1 [Repealed.]

§61-3-12. Entry of building other than dwelling; entry of railroad, traction or motorcar, steamboat or other vessel; penalties; counts in indictment.

1 If any A person shall who, at any time, break and enter, or shall enter breaks and enters 2 or enters without breaking, any office, shop, underground coal mine, storehouse, warehouse, 3 banking house or any house or building, other than a dwelling house or outhouse adjoining thereto 4 or occupied therewith or any railroad or traction car, propelled by steam, electricity or otherwise, 5 or any steamboat or other boat or vessel, within the jurisdiction of any county in this state, with 6 intent to commit a felony or any larceny, he or she shall be deemed is guilty of a felony and, upon 7 conviction, shall be confined imprisoned in a state correctional facility not less than one nor more 8 than 10 years. And if any A person shall who, at any time, break and enter, or shall enter breaks 9 and enters or enters without breaking, any automobile, motorcar or bus, with like intent, within the 10 jurisdiction of any county in this state, he shall be or she is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon 11 conviction, shall be confined in jail not less than two nor more than 12 months and be fined not 12 more than \$100.

An indictment for <u>burglary home invasion</u> may contain one or more counts for breaking and entering, or for entering without breaking, the house or building mentioned in the count for burglary home invasion under the provisions of this and the preceding this section as well as §61-3-31 through §61-3-34 of this chapter. NOTE: The purpose of this bill is to replace the present crime of burglary with the crime of home invasion. This bill provides for the criminal offenses of home invasion in the first, second, third and fourth degrees. The bill prescribes penalties.

Strike-throughs indicate language that would be stricken from a heading or the present law and underscoring indicates new language that would be added.